

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

DATE: December 2019

TOPIC: December 2019 Adult Functional Screen Quiz

Purpose: The quiz serves to:

- Provide a user friendly tool for agency screen liaisons to help screeners improve their overall knowledge of screen instructions and procedures.
- Encourage discussion among screeners in order to arrive at the correct answers.
- Encourage screeners to think about the reason(s) for their selections and compare those with the rationale provided on the answer version of the quiz.

The answers to the quiz questions may not be found verbatim in the instructions manual; however, the rationales should be assumed to be correct and we would expect the screeners to arrive at those answers as they apply the information in the manual.

As always, do not assume any medical conditions, diagnoses, support needs, or deficits are present for any person described in any question. For instance, do not assume any person described has an intellectual disability unless the information provided tells you that the person has that diagnosis.

Objective: This quiz highlights key areas that were recently updated in the Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen (LTCFS) Instructions including IADLs (Laundry and/or Chores and Telephone Use), No Active Treatment, and the HRS Table Supplement. The quiz also includes ADLs, Diagnoses, Medication Administration and Medication Management, HRS Table, and Behavioral Health.

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

1. Katy is 53 years old with current verified diagnoses including arthritis in her right knee and pseudoseizures. These seizures occur about once a week during some activities of daily living including Bathing and Mobility. Katy does not have a permanent cognitive impairment. She does need assistance with the bathing transfer due to right knee pain, but she is independent with other tasks of Bathing. What selection should be made for the Bathing ADL on Katy's LTCFS?
- A. 1: Help is needed to complete the task safely but **helper DOES NOT have to be physically present throughout the task**
- Primary Diagnosis: D2 Arthritis
 - Secondary Diagnosis: E5 Seizure Disorder with onset at age 22 or AFTER
- B. 1: Help is needed to complete the task safely but **helper DOES NOT have to be physically present throughout the task**
- Primary Diagnosis: D2 Arthritis
 - Secondary Diagnosis: None
- C. 1: Help is needed to complete the task safely but **helper DOES NOT have to be physically present throughout the task**
- Primary Diagnosis: D2 Arthritis
 - Secondary Diagnosis: H5 Other Mental Illness Diagnosis
- D. 2: Help is needed to complete the task safely and **helper DOES need to be present throughout the task**
- Primary Diagnosis: D2 Arthritis
 - Secondary Diagnosis: H5 Other Mental Illness Diagnosis

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

2. Susie has a verified diagnosis of back pain. She is independent with all Laundry and/or Chores tasks with the exception of snow removal, as her back pain prevents her from completing this independently. She lives in an apartment building and the landlord takes care of snow removal. What selection should be made for the Laundry and/or Chores IADL on Susie's LTCFS?
- A. 0: Independent
 - B. 1: Needs help from another person weekly or less often
 - Primary diagnosis: D12 Other Chronic Pain Or Fatigue
 - Secondary Diagnosis: None
 - C. 2: Needs help more than once a week
 - Primary diagnosis: D12 Other Chronic Pain Or Fatigue
 - Secondary Diagnosis: None

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

3. Grace is 40 years old with current verified diagnoses including type 1 diabetes and intellectual disability. She has not had IQ testing. In the No Active Treatment section of Grace's LTCFS, the screener would ensure N/A is selected for Statement 2 in Part A.
- A. True
 - B. False

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

4. Frank is blind and depends on his caregiver to mix the liquid medication he takes daily for constipation. Due to the caregiver's schedule, she must mix up the medication two hours before Frank takes it. He is then able to independently take this liquid medication. Frank also depends on the pharmacy to prefill his medication cassette due to his vision impairment and, with this cassette, he is independent in taking his oral pills. What selection should be made for Medication Administration and Medication Management on the Health Related Services Table on Frank's LTCFS?
- A. Medication Administration: Independent
Medication Management: 1-3 times/month
 - B. Medication Administration: Independent
Medication Management: 1-2 times/day
 - C. Medication Administration: 1-2 times/day
Medication Management: Independent
 - D. Medication Administration: 1-2 times/day
Medication Management: 1-3 times/month

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

5. Reese is 53 years old with current verified diagnoses including type 1 diabetes, nausea, and cataracts in her right eye. How should Reese's nausea be coded on the Diagnoses Table?
- A. B5-Other Disorders of the Digestive System
 - B. K5-Other
 - C. K6 Additional Diagnoses
 - D. It should not be coded on the table.

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

6. Marilyn has sickle cell disease and goes in to the clinic to receive blood transfusions once a month. Because this is completed at the clinic, the screener should **not** select 1-3/month for Transfusions on the Health-Related Services Table.

- A. True
- B. False

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

7. Grant had a stroke when he was 64 years old and requires assistance with cleaning up after every meal, as well as washing and putting away dishes and utensils. What selection should be made for the Laundry and/or Chores IADL on Grant's LTCFS?

- A. 0: Independent
- B. 1: Needs help from another person weekly or less often
- C. 2: Needs help more than once a week

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

8. Stuart is 76 years old with current verified diagnoses including cerebral vascular accident (CVA), arthritis, and anxiety. As a result of his CVA, Stuart has aphasia and is unable to speak. He is able to use his cell phone independently to text his grandchildren. What selection should be made for the IADL Telephone Use on Stuart's LTCFS?
- A. 1a: Independent-has cognitive and physical abilities to make calls and answer calls
 - B. 1b: Lacks cognitive or physical abilities to use phone independently

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

9. Bob is 84 years old with a current verified diagnosis of dementia. He lives with his daughter, Gail, who is his main caregiver. Bob has a history of acting out during his showers by kicking and hitting caregivers. Gail reports she figured out that if she provides Bob a snack before his shower, uses lavender body wash, and plays country music during his showers, he will not act out. This is understood amongst all of Bob's caregivers. Gail and his other staff have used these interventions every evening when assisting with Bob's shower and he has not acted out in over three months. What selection should be made for Offensive or Violent Behaviors to Others on Bob's LTCFS?
- A. 0: No offensive or violent behaviors demonstrated
 - B. 1: Some offensive or violent behaviors require occasional interventions **weekly or less**
 - C. 2: Offensive or violent behaviors require interventions 2-6 times per week **OR** 1-2 times per day
 - D. 3: Offensive or violent behaviors require intensive one-on-one interventions more than twice each day

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

10. Spencer has lymphedema, a condition that results from impaired flow of the lymphatic system and results in swelling in both of his lower extremities. Spencer is independent in dressing the upper half of his body. He depends on caregiver assistance to dress his lower half, including putting on his compression stockings daily to help treat the lymphedema, as he is unable to reach his lower extremities due to obesity. He developed open wounds as a result of the lymphedema and depends on a nurse to come into his home daily to provide wound care. His wounds are not pressure related. Where should the screener capture Spencer's needs on his LTCFS?

- A. ADL Dressing
- B. HRS Table: Other Wound Cares
- C. HRS Table: Requires Nursing Assessment and Interventions
- D. Both A and B
- E. A, B, and C

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

Wisconsin Functional Screen Information System

Adult Long Term Care Functional Screen

11. Scott has a current verified diagnosis of back pain, alcoholism, depression, and hyperlipidemia. He does not have a permanent cognitive impairment. However, he is frequently intoxicated and because of this, doesn't always take his medication correctly. Therefore, his sister fills Scott's medication planner and provides daily reminders to ensure he takes his medications correctly. What selection should be made for Medication Administration and Medication Management on the Health Related Services Table on Scott's LTCFS?

- A. Medication Administration: Independent
Medication Management: Independent
- B. Medication Administration: Independent
Medication Management: 1-3 times/month
 - Primary diagnosis: K1 Substance Use Issue
 - Secondary diagnosis: H3 Depression
- C. Medication Administration: 1-2 times/day
Medication Management: 1-3 times/month
 - Primary diagnosis: K1 Substance Use Issue
 - Secondary diagnosis: None

Rationale for your selection (Optional):

12. A screener is completing a LTCFS for Warren. He is complaining of back pain. When the screener reviewed Warren's health care records, there was no diagnosis for back pain or any other condition that could cause back pain. The screener asks Warren if he has seen a health care provider for the back pain. Warren replies "no." In this situation, back pain is a verified diagnosis to be selected on the Diagnoses Table.

- A. True
- B. False

Rationale for your selection (Optional):